# Class 465/466 Enhancement Pack Volume 1



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## **How to Install**

- 1) Locate where you have downloaded this pack and unzip it. Information on how to do this can be found <u>here</u>.
- 2) Go to the location where you have extracted the files from the .zip file.
- **3)** Now find the .exe file called 'Class 465-466 Enhancement Pack Vol 1'. Double-click this file.
- **4)** Follow the steps and by the end of the process, the main part of this pack will have installed.
- 5) If you intend to use any of the included scenarios, make sure you have the requirements installed, as listed on the product page.
- **6)** To ensure the cab environment sounds as intended in this pack, please make sure that 'EFX' is ticked within your in-game Audio settings.



# **Liveries**

## Class 465/0 & 465/1 (BREL/ABB)

**Network SouthEast:** 

with original front cowling - Class 465 NSE AP with anti-climb cowling - Class 465 NSE (Mod) AP



## Connex South Eastern:

with original front cowling - Class 465 CXSE AP
without Connex logo - Class 465 Ex-CXSE (SE) AP
without Connex logo/with anti-climb cowling - Class 465 Ex-CXSE (SE) (Mod) AP





#### South Eastern 1:

with original South Eastern logo - Class 465 SE1(1) AP with revised South Eastern logo - Class 465 SE1(2) AP



# Class 465/2 (Metro-Cammell)

Network SouthEast:

with original front cowling - Class 465/2 NSE AP with anti-climb cowling and air con' roof unit - Class 465/2 NSE (Mod) AP





#### Connex:

with original front cowling - Class 465/2 CX AP with anti-climb cowling - Class 465/2 CX (Mod) AP without Connex logo - Class 465/2 Ex-CX AP



## South Eastern 1:

with original South Eastern logo - Class 465/2 SE1(1) AP with revised South Eastern logo - Class 465/2 SE1(2) AP





## Class 465/9 (Metro-Cammell)

South Eastern 1:

with original South Eastern logo - Class 465/9 SE1(1) AP with revised South Eastern logo - Class 465/9 SE1(2) AP



# **Class 466 (Metro-Cammell)**

Network SouthEast:

with original front cowling - Class 466 NSE AP with anti-climb cowling - Class 466 NSE (Mod) AP





## Connex:

with original front cowling - Class 466 CX AP with anti-climb cowling - Class 466 CX (Mod) AP without Connex logo - Class 466 Ex-CX AP



## South Eastern 1:

with original South Eastern logo - Class 466 SE1(1) AP with revised South Eastern logo - Class 466 SE1(2) AP





# **Keyboard Controls**

Non-standard keyboard controls are listed below:

Numpad Plus - Brake hold button L - Cab light ON/OFF

E - Deadman's pedal (DVD reset)
F7 - Destination display DOWN

Destination display DOWN

F8 - Destination display UP

Shift+F7 - Destination display (via) DOWN
Shift+F8 - Destination display (via) UP

R - Door close button

U - Door release buttons (left)O - Door release buttons (right)

Y - Driver reminder appliance (DRA) ON/OFF

C - Driver to guard bell

Ctrl+D - Driver vigilance device (DVD) ON/OFF

Ctrl+F3 - Headcode display (left) DOWN

Ctrl+F4 - Headcode display (left) UP

Ctrl+F5 - Headcode display (right) DOWN

Ctrl+F6 - Headcode display (right) UP H - Headlight switch CLOCKWISE

Shift+H - Headlight switch ANTI-CLOCKWISE
I - Instrument lights switch ON/OFF

Shift+W - Master key IN/OUT

Ctrl+R - Passenger door operation toggle DOO/GO

M - Saloon lights ON/OFF

. - Speed set control CLOCKWISE

, - Speed set control ANTI-CLOCKWISE

K - Tail lights switch ON/OFF

Ctrl+Numpad Enter - Visual aids ON/OFF

V - Wiper switch CLOCKWISE

Shift+V - Wiper switch ANTI-CLOCKWISE



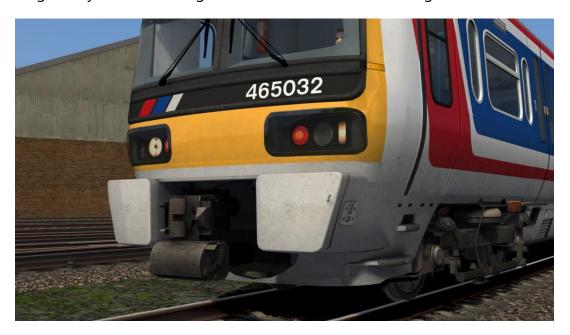
# **Features**

## **Variations**

Many of the detail differences between the BREL/ABB & Metro-Cammell units, as well as era-dependent differences, have been simulated in this pack.

#### Visual

Original style front cowling with filament marker and tail lights



Newly modelled window surrounds. BREL/ABB on the right and Metro-Cammell on the left. Also, pressure ventilator grilles on BREL/ABB variant.





## BREL/ABB DMSO underframe



BREL/ABB TSO/TSOL underframe





#### Left - BREL/ABB

- BREL/ABB specific anti-climb steps. Fitted circa 2003/2004.
- Flush roof with no air conditioning unit.
- Orange destination display.
- LED marker and tail lights. Fitted at a similar time to anti-climb steps. LED tail light different to Metro-Cammell LED tail light.

#### **Right - Metro-Cammell**

- Metro-Cammell specific anti-climb steps. Fitted circa 2003/2004.
- Roof air conditioning unit.
- Yellow/green segment style destination display.
- LED marker and tail lights. Fitted at a similar time to anti-climb steps. LED tail light different to BREL/ABB LED tail light.

Items in italics already featured in DTG Southeastern Class 465.



#### **Audio**

The following sounds have BREL/ABB & Metro-Cammell specific versions:

- Traction motors
- Dynamic brake/traction motor cooling fan
- Clunk when applying/disengaging power on Metro-Cammell variant only
- External and internal DMSO 'run' sounds
- Brakes
- Doors
- Compressor
- Auxiliary converter
- Pressure ventilator on BREL/ABB variant only



## **Driver Only Operation (DOO)**

Full door control is featured in this pack to simulate 'DOO'. Please see below for what the relevant procedure is and how to change the type of operation whilst in-game:

### **Driver Only Operation (DOO)**

- 1) Open the doors by pressing **T+U** (left-hand side) or **T+O** (right-hand side). Alternatively, you can click the corresponding red buttons in the cab.
- 2) If at a platform, wait for the 'Platform Duties Complete' message to appear in the top-right corner and press **R** to close the doors. If not at a platform, press **R** whenever you wish.
- 3) Once the door interlock light illuminates, you may depart.

### **Guard Operation (GO)**

- 1) Open the doors by pressing T.
- 2) Doors will be closed by the guard once passengers have finished boarding/alighting.
- 3) Once the door interlock light illuminates, the guard will give you two bells which you must acknowledge by also giving two bells. This can be carried out by pressing **C** twice.

## **How to Change Operation**

This can be changed in-game by pressing **Ctrl+R** which will produce a visual message in the top-right hand corner of the screen to let you know which option you have selected.



#### **Adhesion**

Adhesion between a train's wheels and the rails plays a big part in allowing a train to accelerate or brake. Too little of it and the train will slip or slide. There are a myriad of factors that control the level of adhesion and we have attempted to simulate the most important of these to give a varied and realistic driving experience:

#### Season

Adhesion is generally good in dry conditions during summer and spring. Slightly decreased adhesion during winter to take account of the increased amount of moisture and possible ice on the rails due to cooler temperatures. Much decreased adhesion during autumn due to leaf mulch.

#### Weather

Adhesion decreases in wet weather, especially so when rain first starts falling before it has had a chance to clean the railhead. If rain is light, it will take longer for the railhead to be cleaned whereas heavy rain will clean it quicker, resulting in adhesion recovering sooner.

When using the drizzle weather pattern in our Sky & Weather Enhancement Pack, adhesion is particularly poor as the rain hasn't enough force to clean the railhead but still makes it sufficiently wet to worsen adhesion.

## Time of Day

Adhesion will decrease somewhat after dusk as the air cools and dew is more likely to form on the railhead. This persists throughout the night until around an hour after sunrise when higher temperatures or the sun dry it out. In our simulation, this factor is reduced during summer to account for warmer temperatures, which on average result in less dew.

#### **Tunnels**

When adhesion is poor due to external factors such as weather or season, adhesion will generally improve upon entering a tunnel, which is not as susceptible to these factors. When adhesion is good during dry weather and outside of autumn, adhesion may decrease a little upon entering a tunnel due to their damp nature.



### Wheelslip

Wheelslip protection aids the driver when powering or braking during times of poor adhesion.

When wheelslip is encountered during acceleration, a two-stage process takes place:

- 1) The motors can be heard rising rapidly in pitch and power cuts violently to control the slip.
- **2)** Once grip is regained, power is reapplied at the notch selected on the power brake controller.

As a driver, you must assess which power notch is most suitable for the conditions and balance the occurrence of wheelslip with the maximum possible rate of acceleration.

#### Wheelslide

When wheelslide is encountered during braking, a multi-stage process takes place:

- 1) If the dynamic brake is active, the unit automatically switches to use the air brake only.
- 2) Brake pressure is automatically reduced to try and control the slide.
- **3)** Sand is automatically applied if in step 2, step 3 or emergency brake.
- **4)** Once the slide stops, brake pressure is returned to the notch selected on the power brake controller. If wheelslide reoccurs, the process starts again.

As a driver, you must resist the temptation to reduce the brake yourself as the wheelslip protection will offer the best braking performance.



#### **Gradients**

By default in Train Simulator Classic, only gradients of 1 in 185 or steeper have a gravitational effect on a train and this is only suitably realistic on gradients of approximately 1 in 125 of steeper. This means on gradients shallower than 1 in 125, the train does not experience the gravitational forces upon it than it should.

With this information in hand, we have managed to get rid of this limitation by making the train invisibly power or brake itself to simulate the effect that gravity has where Train Simulator Classic by default doesn't do so. This is all invisible to you as the player so you won't suddenly find the power or brake handles moving without your say so, but it does mean you have to drive to the gradients of the route a lot more than before, just like a real driver, especially on mainline routes where gradients rarely reach the severity where Train Simulator Classic has them behave realistically. You will also now find that if trying to recreate real timetabled runs, your timings will much more closely match reality.

## **Speed Set**

The speed set speed selector control is located below the AWS sunflower. The first position on the switch is 3 mph, the next is 5 mph, and the settings then increase in 5 mph intervals up to 75 mph. The speed selected is indicated by the white pointer on the outer edge of the speedometer

When in speed set mode with a power notch selected, the speed set system will automatically control the train speed to hold a speed approximately 2mph below the target speed selected. If the speed drops too far below the target speed, the unit will automatically apply traction power in order to get back to the selected speed. If the target speed starts to be exceeded, such as when the train is on a falling gradient, the speed set will automatically apply the dynamic brake in order to control the speed.

The only form of braking available whilst using speed set is dynamic braking, so the speed set will not brake the train if the dynamic brake is isolated.

It is recommended that you only use speed set to hold your speed or change your speed by small increments such as 5 or 10 mph. Acceleration rate is reduced when using speed set so using it to accelerate to a certain speed will take longer compared to when it is inactive.



## **Accelerometer, Decelerometer & Clock**

Acceleration and deceleration meters have been modelled next to the speedometer as per reality. As well as those, a clock has been added which also displays the unit's lifetime mileage (since last reset by a fitter) if you press the 'Select' button below it. This is a random figure automatically set at the start of a scenario.





## **Player Changeable Destination Display**

The destination display can be changed during a scenario by pressing either the F7 or F8 keys. Please see below for a list of the available destinations and their relevant code if you wish to use them via the unit's number on an AI service:

a - Blank	r - Faversham	I - Paddock Wood
b - Addiscombe	s - Gillingham	J - Plumstead
c - Ashford International	t - Gravesend	K - Ramsgate
d - Barnehurst	u - Grove Park	L - Rochester
e - Beckenham Jn	v - Hastings	M - Sevenoaks
f - Blackfriars	w - Hayes	N - Sheerness
g - Bromley North	x - Higham	O - Sidcup
h - Bromley South	y - Hither Green	P - Sittingbourne
i - Cannon St	z - Kent House	Q - Slade Green
j - Canterbury East	A - London Bridge	R - Strood
k - Canterbury West	B - Maidstone East	S - Swanley
I - Charing X	C - Maidstone West	T - Tonbridge
m - City Thameslink	D - Margate	U - Tunbridge Wells
n - Crayford	E - New Beckenham	V - Victoria
o - Dartford	F - New Cross	W - Listen to Announcements
p - Dover Priory	G - Ore	X - Sorry, Not in Service
q - Elmers End	H - Orpington	Y - Special

#### Via

There are additional 'via' options for the second line of the destination display. These can be controlled by pressing **Shift+F7** or **Shift+F8**. Please see below for a list of the options and their relevant code if you wish to use them on an Al service by adding ;**D2=x** to the DMSOA's vehicle number:

1 - via Beckenham Jn	10 - via Bromley South	19 - via W A Lewisham
2 - via Bexleyheath	11 - via Canterbury E	20 - and Ashford Intl
3 - via Catford	12 - via Canterbury W	21 - and Canterbury E
4 - via Greenwich	13 - via Catford Bridge	22 - and Canterbury W
5 - via Herne Hill	14 - via Chatham	23 - and Dover Priory
6 - via Lewisham	15 - via Lewisham W A	24 - and Margate
7 - via Sidcup	16 - via Orpington	25 - and Ramsgate
8 - via Maidstone East	17 - via Otford	
9 - via Blackheath W A	18 - via W A Blackheath	

#### Headcode

A two-digit headcode can also be displayed. This is controlled by pressing **Ctrl+F3** & **Ctrl+F4** for the first digit and **Ctrl+F5** & **Ctrl+F6** for the second digit. It can also be applied to an Al service by adding ;**HC=xx** to the DMSOA's vehicle number.



## **Automatic Unit Numbering**

When placing a unit in the scenario editor or using one in Quick Drive, all vehicles will automatically be given correct unit and coach numbers, instead of you having to select each vehicle and changing their number manually so they match. The unit number is controlled via the DMSOA vehicle if you wish to change it.

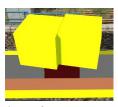
#### **Al Horns**

To blow an AI train's horn in a scenario, you must edit the speed limit properties of the section of the track at which you would like the AI train to sound its horn. Please see below for instructions:

- 1) In the scenario editor, go to the location at which you would like the AI train's horn to sound, and press **Spacebar** 3 times. The track will now display a certain colour which represent its speed limit.
- 2) Go to the top-left-hand fly-out and click the 'Select' icon.



- 3) Hover your mouse over the piece of track where you like the Al horn to sound. A yellow border will appear around the track when it is selected.
- **4)** Click and drag the yellow box in either direction until the measurement reading at the bottom of the screen says at least '1.0 metres'.



5) Go to the right-hand fly-out and change the two 'Speed Limit' values to '900'.



**6)** Click outside of any menus and the section of track you selected will now say 'Unspecified'. Any AI train which passes over this section of track will now blow its horn.

The manner in which the AI train blows its horn is randomly calculated each time, meaning no horn is ever the same. You may hear a single tone (any post-2007 liveries only), a two tone, a three tone, or now and then, even the infamous 'Ilkley Moor' sequence.



If you wish to be more specific in how and when the horn is sounded, please see the table below for values other than '900' which can be inputted in the speed limit field for different behaviour:

<b>Speed Limit Value</b>	Notes
900	Random number of tones
901	1 tone (low)
902	1 tone (high)
903	2 tone (low/high)
904	2 tone (high/low)
905	3 tone (low/high/low)
906	3 tone (high/low/high)
907	'Ilkley Moor' sequence
921	Same as 900 but 1 in 20 (5%) chance of horn sounding
922	Same as 900 but 1 in 16 (6.3%) chance of horn sounding
923	Same as 900 but 1 in 12 (8.3%) chance of horn sounding
924	Same as 900 but 1 in 8 (12.5%) chance of horn sounding
925	Same as 900 but 1 in 6 (16.6%) chance of horn sounding
926	Same as 900 but 1 in 4 (25%) chance of horn sounding
927	Same as 900 but 1 in 3 (33.3%) chance of horn sounding
928	Same as 900 but 1 in 2 (50%) chance of horn sounding
929	Same as 900 but 1 in 1.33 (75%) chance of horn sounding
930	Same as 900 but intended for use at platform ends*
931	Same as 921 but intended for use at platform ends*
932	Same as 922 but intended for use at platform ends*
933	Same as 923 but intended for use at platform ends*
934	Same as 924 but intended for use at platform ends*
935	Same as 925 but intended for use at platform ends*
936	Same as 926 but intended for use at platform ends*
937	Same as 927 but intended for use at platform ends*
938	Same as 928 but intended for use at platform ends*
939	Same as 929 but intended for use at platform ends*
940	Whistle boards**
950	Tunnels***

<sup>\*</sup> **Platform ends** - Horn will sound only if train is travelling over 50mph, which at platforms of 12 car length of less, ensures that stopping trains do not sound their horn. Also, the point at which the train sounds its horn randomly varies from 1m to however fast the train is travelling. For example, if a train is passing at 125mph, the maximum possible distance it will sound its horn away from the trigger point is 125m. This simulates the propensity for drivers to sound their horn earlier if they are travelling at speed.



\*\* Whistle boards - Intended for use at whistle boards. Pre-2007, trains sounded at least two tones at all times of day. From April 2007, following increasing concerns about noise, drivers were instructed to use only a single low tone and only between the hours of 07:00 & 23:00. This was later changed to between 06:00 & 23:59 in 2016.

To simulate this, any pre-2007 liveries will exhibit pre-2007 behaviour (at least two tones/no time restriction) and any post-2007 liveries will exhibit a hybrid of post-2007 & 2016 behaviour (single low tone/between 06:00 & 23:59 only). The point at which the horn sounds varies randomly from 1m to 40m away from the trigger point.

\*\*\* **Tunnels** - Historically, trains always blew their horn when entering & exiting tunnels to warn potential track workers of their presence. With increased health & safety regulations reducing the presence of track workers in 'live' tunnels, and to allay complaints of increasing noise pollution due to louder modern horns, this requirement was removed on Saturday 6<sup>th</sup> November 2004.

To simulate this, any pre-2004 liveries will sound at least two tones. The point at which the horn sounds varies randomly from 1m to 40m away from the trigger point.

Whilst these tools are primarily intended for use by scenario creators, they can also be used by route editors to 'bake' these features into a route. The platform end, whistle board & tunnel values being of particular use in this respect.

Finally, due to the custom speed limits being of such a short distance, they do not affect AI train performance or appear as the current speed limit on the F3/F4 HUD. Also, assuming the route you are using is configured to only show signed speed limits (the majority do this), custom speed limits will not appear in the part of the F3/F4 HUD which shows forthcoming speed limit changes.



#### **Bits and Bobs**

This section is dedicated to aspects of this pack that don't warrant a dedicated section but are still of note:

- The class 365 cab from the DTG London Peterborough route is used due to its better visuals and functionality.
- Higher resolution visuals for many of the various in-cab labels and buttons.
- Speedometer re-textured to signify the class 465/466's lower maximum speed of 75 mph.
- Clickable and functioning master key.
- Newly modelled reverser handle.
- 4-step reverser (off/forward/neutral/reverse).
- TPWS lights illuminate during AWS self-test.
- DVD isolation lights to the top-left of the driver, as well as 'Safety System Isolated' indicator on desk.
- Door interlock light moved from door close button to where it should actually be.
- In-cab unit/vehicle number labels.
- Selected destination displayed on the in-cab top-right computer unit.
- Functioning brake hold button which applies the equivalent of step 1 brake.
- Animated cab light & instrument (dash) light switches.
- Intermittent, slow & fast wiper speeds.
- Visual alarms outside of cab when AWS or DVD are active.
- The visible driver automatically moves to whichever cab you are in.
- Emergency brake pressure applied when reverser is in 'Off'.
- When the sander button is pressed, you must be in a power notch and it will only apply for 10 seconds maximum at a time. If you wish to continue to apply sand after 10 seconds, you must re-press the sander button.
- Due to reliability issues, the dynamic brake was isolated on Metro-Cammell 465s/466s from around 2008 onwards and this is implemented by default on the South Eastern 1 (Revised Logo) livery.
- Driver to guard bell only active when reverser is away from 'Off'.



- 1 second delay between train passing over AWS magnet and AWS warning sound occurring. The F3/F4 HUD will show the warning immediately so you must wait 1 second before trying to cancel it.
- The headlights only provide illumination before sunrise and after sunset. This is to avoid the unrealistic appearance of projected light in broad daylight.
- High quality headlight/marker light & tail light visuals with LED variants.
- White & purple status lights below external destination display. White illuminates when the dynamic brake is isolated and purple illuminates when a safety system is isolated.
- Correct looking tightlock coupler applied.
- Passenger view with Network SouthEast moquette on relevant liveries.
- Extra passenger view camera angle.



## How to Use in the Scenario Editor

#### How to place

To place in the scenario editor, please follow the instructions below:

7) In the left-hand rolling stock fly-out, click the object set filter which looks like a blue box with an orange arrow to the right of it.



- **8)** Go to the right-hand fly-out which should have appeared. Select 'RSC' from the drop-down menu.
- 9) Tick the second & third box beside 'Class465Pack01'& 'ECMLS'.
- **10)** The liveries should now be visible in the left-hand rolling stock fly-out.



## Numbering

When placing in the scenario editor, you are able to control a number of features via the number of the unit. Please note that the only number you need to change is the DMSOA's, as other vehicles in the consist will automatically be numbered correctly using this number.

## Dynamic brake

The dynamic brake can be isolated by adding ;DB=1.

## Air conditioning roof unit

The air conditioning roof unit can be made visible by adding ;AC=1.

The absence of an ;AC=1 entry will provide a flush roof.

## Front cowling

BREL/ABB style anti-climb steps can be made visible by adding ;F=1.

Metro-Cammell style anti-climb steps can be made visible by adding ;F=2.

The absence of an ;F=x entry will provide the original cowling.



#### Window frames

On BREL/ABB South Eastern 1 livery, silver window frames are available by adding **;SW=1**.

On BREL/ABB Network SouthEast livery, black window frames are available by adding ;**BW=1**.

Example number:

```
465232h;D2=c;HC=84;DB=1;AC=1
Key:
465232 - Unit number
h - Destination
;D2=c - Destination (via)
;HC=84 - Two-digit headcode
;DB=1 - Dynamic brake isolated
;AC=1 - Air conditioning roof unit
```



# Setting up the Driver's Cab

Please follow these steps to set up the cab so you are ready to move:

- 1) Turn the master key in by pressing **Shift+W**.
- 2) Move the reverser to the 'Neutral' position by pressing S.
- 3) Cancel the DVD self-test alarm by pressing E.
- 4) Cancel the AWS self-test alarm by pressing Q.
- **5)** Turn the tail lights off by pressing **K**.
- **6)** Turn the headlights on by pressing **H**.
- 7) Turn the instrument lights on by pressing I.
- 8) Set your destination by pressing F7 or F8.
- 9) Turn the Driver Reminder Appliance (DRA) off by pressing Y.

You should now be ready to move off.



# **Scenarios**

#### APC465EP: 17:53 Orpington - Victoria

Route = Chatham Main & Medway Valley Lines Track covered = Orpington - Victoria Traction = Connex South Eastern 465002 & NSE 465163 Year = 1998 Duration = 40 minutes



Route = Chatham Main & Medway Valley Lines
Track covered = Loughborough Junction - Swanley
Traction = Network SouthEast 465174 & Ex-Connex 466039
Year = 2004
Duration = 40 minutes

#### APC465EP: 12:00 Strood - Paddock Wood

Route = Chatham Main & Medway Valley Lines Track covered = Strood - Paddock Wood Traction = South Eastern 466030 Year = 2007 Duration = 45 minutes







# **Credits**

Nicolas Schichan - Advanced scripting

George Hartley - Modelling of the external visual differences

Nicholas Hair - BREL/ABB traction motor sound recordings

Glenn Doig - Internal wheelslip sound recordings

